

Wayne County Department of Public Services

Downriver Wastewater Treatment Facility SCADA Improvement Project SRF Project No. 5217 - 05

SCADA System Manual

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Prepared by



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1.0	June 2010	Kevin Donovan	Juan Stein	Submittal for Owner Review

GLOSSARY

Terms and abbreviations used in this Manual are shown and defined below:

AC	Alternating Current
A/C	Air Conditioning
Ack	Acknowledge*
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADMIN	Administration
AGF	Aerated Grit Channel*
AGFCP	Aerated Grit Facility Control Panel*
AI	Analog Input
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AO	Analog Output
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
Ass.	Assembly*
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AUTO	Automatic
AUX	Auxiliary
A/V	Audiovisual
AWG	American Wire Gauge
AWS	American Welding Society
AWWA	American Water Works Association
BDG	Building
BOD	Biological Oxygen Demand
BRG	Bearing
BTR	Block Transfer Read

BTW	Block Transfer Write
C	Celsius
CAT5e	Category 5 Enhanced Cable
CAT6	Category 6 UTP Cable
CBOD	Carbonaceous Biological Oxygen Demand
CCITT	Consultative Committee on International Telegraphy and Telephony
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television
CD	Compact Disc
CEPT	Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment
CFH	Cubic Feet per Hour
CFM	Cubic Feet per Minute
Chem.	Chemistry
CLAR	Clarifier*
CLI	Command Line Interface
CMMS	Computer Maintenance Management System
CNHDC	Communication Network Hybrid Distribution Cabinet*
COLL	Collector*
Conf.	Conference
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CS	Control System
CSMA/CD	Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection
CSO	Combined Sewer Overflow
CVT	Constant Voltage Transformer
DAF	Dissolved Air Flotation
dB	Decibel
DC	Direct Current
DCDPCP	Disinfection Channel Drainage Pump Control Panel*

DDA	Discharge and Disinfection Area*
DDACP	Discharge and Disinfection Area Control Panel*
DDE	Dynamic Data Exchange
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DI	Digital Input; Discrete Input
DIN	Deutsches Institute für Normung
DISINF.	Disinfection*
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone
DO	Dissolved Oxygen; Digital Output; Discrete Output
DoS	Denial of Service
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
DWACP	Dewatering Area Control Panel*
DWACR	Dewatering Area Control Room*
DWTF	Downriver Wastewater Treatment Facility*
ECPAD	Ecorse Creek Pollution Abatement Drain*
EIA/TIA	Electronic Industries Alliance/Telecommunication Industries Association
Elec.	Electrical
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
EOBGCRP	Emergency Outfall Bypass Gates Control Relay Panel*
ESB	Employee Service Building*
F	Fahrenheit
FAT	Factory Acceptance Test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCPCP	Ferric Chloride Process Control Panel*
FECP	Ferric Chloride Control Panel*
FESS	Final Effluent Suspended Solids*

FLW	Flow*
FM	Factory Mutual
FS	Federal Specification
FST	Final Settling Tank
FST1	Final Settling Tank No. 1 Control Panel*
FST2	Final Settling Tank No. 2 Control Panel*
FST3	Final Settling Tank No. 3 Control Panel*
FST4	Final Settling Tank No. 4 Control Panel*
FST5	Final Settling Tank No. 5 Control Panel*
FST6	Final Settling Tank No. 6 Control Panel*
GAC	Granular Activated Carbon
Gbps	Gigabits per second
GFI	Ground Fault Interrupter
GIS	Geographic Information System
GPD	Gallons Per Day
GPM	Gallons Per Minute
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide
HC	Hydrocarbon
HDSL	High-Speed Digital Subscriber Line
HMI	Human-Machine Interface
HOA	Hand-Off-Automatic (switch)
HP	Horsepower
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning
Hz	Hertz
I&C	Instrumentation and Control
IACP	Influent Area Control Panel*
ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association

ID	Identification; Identifier
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IJC	Influent Junction Chamber*
INF	Influent
I/O	Input/Output
IP	Internet Protocol
IPS	Influent Pumping Station*
ISA	International Society of Automation; Instrument Society of America; Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IT	Information Technology
ITA	Instrument Testing Association
JIC	Joint Industrial Council
KM	Kilometer
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
KV	Kilovolt
KVA	Kilovolt-Ampere
KVM	Keyboard-Video-Mouse
LAN	Local Area Network
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LCP	Local Control Panel
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LIMS	Laboratory Information Management System
LL	Low Lift*; Ladder Logic
LLPPCP	Low Lift Pump Process Control Panel*
LLPS	Low Lift Pump Station*

LLPSCP	Low Lift Pump Station Control Panel*
LOR	Local-Off-Remote (switch)
LP	Lighting Panel
mA	Milliampere
Mach.	Machine
MAX	Maximum
Mb	Megabit
MBDS	Maintenance Building Distribution Switch*
Mbps	Megabits per second
MCC	Motor Control Center
MCRT	Mean Cell Retention Time
MG	Million Gallons
MGD	Millions of Gallons per Day
MG/ft	Million Gallons per Foot
mg/L	milligrams per liter
MIN	Minimum
MLSS	Mixed Liquor Suspended Solids
MM	Millimeter; Multimode
MNT	Maintenance*
MNTBDG	Maintenance Building*
MOR	Monthly Operating Report
MSG	Message
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failure
MTTR	Mean Time To Recovery; Mean Time To Repair
MTW	Machine Tool Wire (insulation type)
NACP	Sodium Hydroxide Control Panel*
NEC	National Electrical Code

NECA	National Electrical Contractors Association
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
NET	Network Management*
NFBU	National Board of Fire Underwriters
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NIC	Network Interface Card
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NM	Nanometer
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Unit
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
O2	Oxygen
OCM	Optical Communication Module
ODBC	Open Database Connectivity
OIT	Operator Interface Terminal
OPC	OLE for Process Control (OLE = Object Linking and Embedding)
ORH	Out of Range High
ORL	Out of Range Low
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
P&ID	Process and Instrumentation Diagram
PB	Pushbutton
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Process Control Narrative
PDC	Power Distribution Center
pF	Picofarad
PFD	Process Flow Diagram

pH	Potential of Hydrogen – negative 10-base log (power) of the positive hydrogen ion concentration; measure of acidity
PID	Proportional-Integral-Derivative (control algorithm)
PLC	Programmable Logic Controller
PMP	Pump
POLYCP	Polymer System Control Panel*
POLYCP03	Polymer System Control Panel*
PPM	Parts Per Million
PREL	Preliminary*
PRI	Primary
PS	Pump Station
PSI	Pounds per Square Inch
PSIG	Pounds-per-Square-Inch Gauge
PST	Primary Settling Tank
PSTCP	Primary Settling Tank Control Panel*
PSTCP-A	Primary Settling Tanks Nos. 1, 3, 5 Control Panel*
PSTCP-B	Primary Settling Tanks Nos. 2, 4, 6 Control Panel*
PSTCP-C	Primary Settling Tank No. 7 Control Panel*
PSTP	Primary Solids Transfer Pump*
PSTPCP	Primary Solids Transfer Pump Control Panel*
PWR	Power
QA	Quality Assurance
QC	Quality Control
QoS	Quality of Service
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service
RAS	Return Activated Sludge
RASSS	Return Activated Sludge Suspended Solids*
REC	Receptacle

RECT	Rectangular
RFC 1918	Request For Comments 1918 (Industry best current practice that provides guidance for address allocation in LANs)
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
RH	Relative Humidity
RHW	Rubber Insulated Moisture Resistant Wire good up to 75° C (insulation type)
RJ	Registered Jack
RM	Room
RMBRTU	Recycle Metering Building Remote Terminal Unit*
RMS	Root Mean Square
ROC	Rate of Change
ROM	Read Only Memory
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
SAD	Site Availability Demonstration
SAT	Site Acceptance Test
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SCCP	Sludge Conveyance Control Panel*
SCFH	Standard Cubic Feet per Hour
SCR	Silicon Controlled Rectifier
SEL	Select
SFE	Secondary Final Effluent*
SG	Sluice Gate*
SHCP	Solids Handling Control Panel*
SMACP	Solids Management Area Control Panel*
SMGRI/O	Solids Management Gallery Remote Input/Output*
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SP	Setpoint

SPG	Single Point Ground
SSID	Service Set Identifier
SST	Solids Storage Tank*
ST	Straight Tip
STACP	Secondary Treatment Area Control Panel*
Sup.	Supervisor
STR	Strand
SW	Switch
T1	T-carrier 1
TAS	Technical Aid Series
TBD	To Be Determined
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
TEMP	Temperature
TGD	Tag Group Display
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
TPS	Tunnel Pump Station*
TPSCP	Tunnel Pump Station Control Panel*
TS	Terminal Server*
TSS	Total Suspended Solids
TUNNL	Tunnel*
TV	Television
UBC	Uniform Building Code
UL	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
UPS	Uninterruptible Power Supply
USB	Universal Serial Bus
UTP	Unshielded Twisted Pair
UV	Ultraviolet

UVT	Ultraviolet Transmission*
V	Volt
VAC	Volts Alternating Current
VBA	Visual Basic for Applications
VDC	Volts Direct Current
VFD	Variable Frequency Drive
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VLV	Valve
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WAN	Wide Area Network
WAP	Wireless Access Point
WAS	Waste Activated Sludge
WASSS	Waste Activated Sludge Suspended Solids*
WCDOE	Wayne County Department of Environment*
WCDPS	Wayne County Department of Public Services*
WCSW	Wayne County Switch*
WEP	Wired Equivalent Protocol
WTR	Water
XHHW	Cross-Linked High Heat Water Resistant Insulated Wire (insulation type)
XML	Extensible Markup Language

***Nomenclature specific to DWTF**

Section 1 – General

Section 1 – General

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1.0	July 2010	Kevin Donovan	Juan Stein	Submittal for Owner Review

1.0 General

1.1 Document Overview

1.1.1 Document Objectives

The SCADA System Manual provides pertinent information about the DWTF SCADA System including Network, PLC, HMI and ancillary equipment. This manual is written for Operations, Maintenance and Administrative staff responsible for daily use and monitoring of the SCADA System. This Manual is written for personnel possessing a general understanding of SCADA Systems and have completed vendor sponsored training on PLC, HMI and Network components.

1.1.2 Document Organization

The Systems Manual is Volume 1 of the SCADA System Documentation and consists of 10 Sections. This Section (Section 1) provides an overview of the DWTF SCADA System. Sections 2 – 10 contain information on separate major SCADA System element. Volume 2 of the SCADA System Documentation contains the Process & Instrument Drawings and Volume 3 of the SCADA System Documentation contains the Control Panel Drawings.

Document Conventions

Throughout the document certain conventions are used to highlight important features. For example, the use of **bold** lettering indicates an important point and the word **WARNING** is used to alert the reader to instances where they must proceed with caution.

1.1.3 Reference Documents

The following reference documents are part of the overall SCADA System documentation and may be referenced for more information about manufacturer equipment produced by the SCADA System contractor, Motor City Electric and Technologies.

Equipment O&M Manuals Volumes 1 – 7

Check-Out Documentation (Instrument Calibration and Check-out)

1.2 SCADA System Overview

1.2.1 Project Description

The Downriver Wastewater Treatment Facility SCADA System consists of a redundant SCADA servers, redundant Terminal Servers, a historian server, SCADA HMI System, a main server room, seven (7) access level switch locations (CNHDCs and Administration Building Communication Closet), and

twenty-two (22) process control PLCs that monitor and control the wastewater treatment facility.

1. Process Data Network

The SCADA network is a redundant, fiber-optic-based Ethernet network. The network reuses the existing fiber-optic cables in a hybrid spoke and hub configuration. A second fiber pair is now activated within the existing fiber bundle to provide redundant communication paths for greater immunity to loss of communications between the control locations and any portion of the DWTF. Network switches and network components were upgraded in each of the existing CNHDC panels to improve network reliability.

2. SCADA Control Processors (Programmable Logic Controllers)

To the greatest practicable extent, the existing programmable logic controllers (PLCs) that execute the field-level process control logic and data acquisition were retained. Allen-Bradley PLC-5, SLC and MicroLogix 1500 are used in the SCADA System.

3. Human-Machine Interface Software and Computers

The SCADA System is based on GE iFIX Proficy software for process visualization and operator interface. Dell workstations and PC are used as the hardware platform. Refer to the Software Section for a complete list of software products.

4. Security

Multi-level security measures will protect the SCADA system from physical and software intrusion and illicit access. Cisco router and firewalls are implemented at the SCADA System top-end to control in-bound access. There is no physical connection between the SCADA System and the WCDPS business network.

5. Power Supply

Uninterruptible power supplies are provided for all PLC, CNHDCs, Servers and HMI workstations, to provide steady, conditioned power through most power failures and disruptions.

6. Panels

The existing SCADA system panels in the DWTF are in good condition and were reused under the SCADA System Improvement Project. Control panels were modified to provide additional control and monitoring functions through the SCADA System. Solids Area control panel was relocated for better protection from environmental damage and two panels, no longer used, were decommissioned and removed.

7. Instrumentation

Additional instruments were added to the SCADA System. Backup level sensors, dissolved oxygen sensors, and flow sensors were added. Refer to the

Instrument Section for a complete list of new instruments. Existing instruments were retained and connected to the SCADA System.

1.2.2 Process Scope

All DWTF process areas have been impacted by the SCADA Improvements project. All control panels and SCADA communications equipment has been upgraded or modified to provide improved redundancy. A new SCADA Server room was constructed in the Administration Building along with a SCADA Lab and Maintenance Assembly Area in the Maintenance Building.

The SCADA System provides additional automatic process control functions thereby reducing labor-intensive operator control actions. The DWTF can be operated in SCADA/Auto mode with automatic pump operation (ramping, start/stop) and flow balancing within Secondary Treatment for improved efficiency. The reporting system has provided additional automation for the development of regulatory reports.

1.2.3 Project Participants

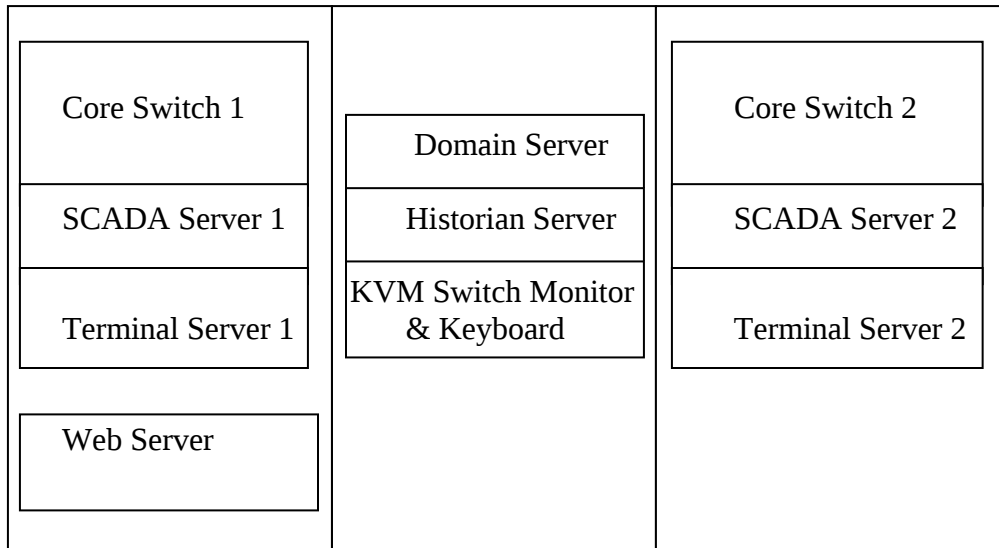
Contact information for individuals involved in the design and construction of the SCADA system is provided below.

Table 1: Emergency Contact List

Company Name	Contact Representative	Role of the Contact	Telephone Number	Fax Number	Email Address
Westin	Kevin Donovan	Project Manager	313.961.1100	313.961.1104	kevin.donovan@we-inc.com
Westin	Juan Stein	Construction Administrator	313.961.1100	313.961.1104	juan.stein@we-inc.com
MCET	Justin Fleming	Construction Manager	313.957.3440	313.957.3540	Jfleming@mce-tech.com
Rotor Electric	Darin Lemond	Electrical Foreman	313.891.0331		dlemond@rotor.com
Gray Matter	Mark Meisel	Sales Manager	248.259.9193	586.725.6320	mmeisel@graymatte systems.com

1.2.4 System Description

The SCADA System server equipment is located in the basement of the Administration Building. The server room is air conditioned to prevent equipment overheating. The servers are contained in three computer enclosures as depicted below.



SCADA Server Room Cabinets, Front View

1.2.4.1 SCADA Servers

The SCADA System is a distributed iFIX client server architecture with single redundant blind SCADA server pairs. The database files on the server pair are automatically synchronized through the iFIX software to ensure that the database configuration is identical and up-to-date on both servers. In the event that either SCADA server is taken off-line or fails, the other server continue to capture and forward real-time and historical data and execute other configured system functions.

The SCADA servers are dedicated exclusively to the process control system and are not loaded with or executing any non-essential software applications. The primary server is equipped with an iFIX development license to allow for maintenance and configuration changes to the SCADA system via these servers, including graphics development. The iFIX servers are lockable, through iFIX security, when not being used for system configuration. HMI graphics are created/modified at the server level and distributed to all view nodes from one central location via Proficy Change Management Software.

1.2.4.2 Domain Server

The Domain Server provides user account management. It contains the user accounts and security information for the resources in the domain. Each person using a work station on the SCADA Network domain receives his or her own unique account, or user

name/password. This account can then be assigned access to resources within the domain by a system administrator.

The domain controller (server) manages all security-related aspects between user and domain interactions, centralizing security and administration.

1.2.4.3 Historical Server

GE iHistorian software, with 5,000 tag capacity, is provided for the single Historian Server and is used as the SCADA reporting application tool. iFIX Data Capture Modules (collectors) are installed on the iFIX SCADA servers to process and forward data to the iHistorian server for archiving and retrieval as needed by the system users. A third-party reporting package, XL-Reporter, is used to configure and generate dashboard, ad-hoc, and regulatory reports.

1.2.4.4 Terminal Servers

The pair of redundant Terminal Servers uses the GE iFIX Terminal Server (TS) software. The Terminal Server authenticates every connecting device (TS Thin Client workstation running on a desktop PC, laptop PC, or panel-mounted device) to provide secure access through user name and passwords along with workstation IP Address verification. The servers utilize a Microsoft Server operating system with Microsoft's Terminal Server application. There are 25 terminal server licenses available for concurrent use between the two terminal servers.

1.2.4.5 Web Server

iFIX Real-Time Information Portal (Web Server) software provides secure remote access between the SCADA System and external networks. The Web Information portal is a Web-based, thin-client application written to the Sun Java J2SE specification. All client functions including screen development, display, administration and query development is performed using a Web browser and can be accessed from any location. The desktop is customizable on any of the local users' workstation.

1.2.4.6 Operator Interface Terminals

The SCADA System is comprised of four Thick Clients (two are laptops) and 25 Thin Client OITs (three are laptops and five are GE QuickPanels). GE iFIX HMI software is provided for all HMIs: iClient Runtime workstations (thick clients) and iClient TS workstations (thin clients).

The Thin Client OITs upload graphic displays and process information as needed from the Terminal Servers. The laptop OITs are capable of connection to the SCADA System through a virtual private network (VPN) using authentication and encryption to ensure a secure connection.

1.2.4.7 Control Panel OIT Software – GE Quick Panel

The panel-mounted GE Quick Panels use Microsoft Windows CE.NET™ operating system. These OITs are full featured thin clients and access and utilize the SCADA system graphics through the Terminal Servers. The panel-mounted OITs are located in

four (4) existing PLC control panels: PSTCP-B, PSTCP-C, LLPSCP, and RAS Pump Station 5 & 6.

1.2.5 Third-Party Integrated Software

The SCADA System integrates third-party software with the iFIX SCADA System software to provide Network Management, Alarm Management, Report Management, and File Management capabilities.

1.2.5.1 Network Management Software

IntraVUE WNMS-064 Network Management software is used to monitor all major components attached to the SCADA network. The software is installed on the Domain Server located in the SCADA Server Room. The software runs in the as a background task of the iFIX HMI/SCADA software and can be accessed and viewed from the HMI display. This software monitors the network connection for all OITs, PLCs, Servers and network switches.

1.2.5.2 Alarm Management Software

The SCADA System uses WIN-911/TEP-BD Alarm Software for notification of critical alarms with telephony cards over telephone lines. The software is installed on both SCADA Servers and is configured to operate on the active server. The alarm management software monitors the active Server's database and will call out to WCDPS cell phones to alert operator of high priority alarms.

1.2.5.3 Report Management Software

SyTech's XLReporter software is installed on OITs in the DWTF Laboratory, the common reception area, and the DWTF plant superintendents office and is used for creation of Regulatory and Ad-Hoc reports. The software is integrated with the Historian server and data entered into the XLReporter spreadsheets is automatically uploaded to the Historian. In addition, data collected in the Historian is transferred automatically to the report spreadsheet eliminating the need for manual entry of process data such as daily flow totals.

1.2.5.4 File Management Software

GE Proficy Change Management is installed on the Back-up Server located in the SCADA Lab. This software manages the SCADA software graphics and requires users to check-out files from the software library and check-in new versions.